Understanding the TSGLI Loss of Activities of Daily Living Standards

Supporting Evidence for ADL Loss

What evidence is needed to document ADL Loss?

- Completed TSGLI Application Form (SGLV 8600) with Part B- ADL Loss Section competed by a medical professional.
- Documentation showing loss of ADL was or is <u>medically</u> required. This may include:
 - Hospital records with doctor reports/nursing notes,
 - ADL assessment results, or
 - Therapy notes that indicate your ability to perform daily activities.

Who is considered a medical professional for TSGLI?

- To complete the TSGLI Application Form, Part B ADL Section, the individual must be a licensed practitioner of the healing arts acting within the scope of his or her practice.
- Examples of a medical professional who can complete Part B of the TSGLI Application Form:
 - Physician or Physician's Assistant
 - Nurse Practitioner/Registered Nurse
 - Occupational/Physical Therapist

TSGLI ADL Payment Time Period Requirements

How many ADL do I have to lose? And for how long do I have to lose them?

- You must lose two or more of the six Basic TSGLI ADL, for the following time periods to receive payment:
 - If ADL loss is due to Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), you must lose two ADL for a minimum of 15 consecutive days to a maximum of 90 consecutive days.
 - If ADL Loss is due to Other Traumatic Injury (OTI) (meaning any other reason than TBI), you must lose two ADL for a minimum of 30 consecutive days to a maximum of 120 consecutive days.

TBI Loss of ADL Payment Schedule

 Consecutive Days of Loss of 2 ADL Required 	Payment will be
15 days	▶ \$25,000
30 days	+additional \$25,000
60 days	+additional \$25,000
90 days	+additional \$25,000

To use the TBI ADL payment schedule, the <u>primary</u> reason for ADL Loss must be TBI.

OTI Loss of ADL Payment Schedule

Consecutive Days of Loss of 2 ADL Required	Payment will be
30 days	\$25,000
60 days	+additional \$25,000
90 days	+additional \$25,000
120 days	+additional \$25,000

To use the OTI ADL payment schedule, the <u>primary</u> reason for ADL Loss must be due to any other injury than TBI.

What are Consecutive Days?

- In Counting consecutive days of ADL loss, the days must be successive, and occur one after another.
- Should you become able to perform an ADL after a certain amount of days of ADL loss, you must start the consecutive day clock over again should you lose the ADL again.

Consecutive Days Example

- Part 1: Susan Chen loses 2 of 6 ADL due to OTI for 45 days. At Day 46, she improves and can perform the ADL.
 - Payment: Susan receives \$25,000 for 30 consecutive days of ADL loss.
- Part 2: At day 65, Susan again loses 2 of 6 ADL due to OTI for additional 45 days.
 - Payment: Susan does not receive an additional payment.
 She would need to reach another 60 consecutive days of ADL loss due to OTI to receive an additional \$25,000.

For more information on Activities of Daily Living and other TSGLI losses, see the TSGLI Procedures Guide at:

https://www.benefits.va.gov/INSURANCE/docs/TSGLIProceduresGuide.pdf